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ANSWER 1 OF 3 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
     1983:165177 CAPLUS
AN
DN
     98:165177
     Entered STN: 12 May 1984
ED
ΤI
     Corrosion prevention of silver-plated stainless steels
PA
     Furukawa Electric Co., Ltd., Japan
SO
     Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 3 pp.
     CODEN: JKXXAF
DT
     Patent
LA
     Japanese
IC
     C23F011-14; C23F011-16
     55-10 (Ferrous Metals and Alloys)
FAN.CNT 1
                                           APPLICATION NO.
     PATENT NO.
                        KIND
                              DATE
                                                                 DATE
                                           ------
     JP 57198269
                         A2
                               19821204
                                           JP 1981-81432
                                                                  19810528 <--
                        B4
     JP 01028106
                               19890601
PRAI JP 1981-81432
                               19810528
CLASS
 PATENT NO.
               CLASS PATENT FAMILY CLASSIFICATION CODES
 JP 57198269 IC C23F011-14IC C23F011-16
    Ag-plated stainless steels are dip-coated with an organic solvent containing
     0.01-5% of a higher fatty amine and/or a mercaptan. Thus, a Ag-plated
     (1μ thick) SUS 304 [11109-50-5] strip was dip-coated with 2%
     octadecylamine [124-30-1] in EtOH and then exposed to a humid (95%
     relative humidity) air at 60° for 500 h without corroding its
     surface. The use of octadecylmercaptan [2885-00-9], eicosylamine
     [10525-37-8], or eicosylmercaptan [13373-97-2] yielded the same result.
ST
     silver electroplating stainless steel corrosion; corrosion inhibitor
     silver plated steel
     Corrosion inhibitors
IT
        (octadecylamine in ethanol, for silver-plated stainless steels)
TT
     Coating process
        (dip, of silver-plated stainless steel, for corrosion prevention)
IT
     124-30-1 2885-00-9 10525-37-8
                                      13373-97-2
     RL: USES (Uses)
        (corrosion inhibitor, for silver-plated stainless steel)
     7440-22-4, uses and miscellaneous
IT
     RL: USES (Uses)
        (electroplate, on austenitic stainless steel, dip coating for corrosion
       prevention of)
IT
     11109-50-5
     RL: PEP (Physical, engineering or chemical process); PROC (Process)
        (silver-plated, corrosion inhibitors for)
RN
     124-30-1
RN
    2885-00-9
RN
    10525-37-8
RN
    13373-97-2
RN
    7440-22-4
RN
    11109-50-5
L4
    ANSWER 2 OF 3 WPIX COPYRIGHT 2005 THE THOMSON CORP on STN
AN
    1983-06068K [03]
                       WPIX
DNC C1983-006003
    Corrosion-inhibition of silver-coated stainless steel - by dipping into
    organic solvent containing higher aliphatic amine and/or mercaptan.
DC
    E19 L03 M14
PA
    (FURU) FURUKAWA ELECTRIC CO LTD
CYC 1
PΙ
    JP 57198269
                   A 19821204 (198303)*
                                                                    <---
    JP 01028106
                  B 19890601 (198926)
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الاستان

ADT JP 57198269 A JP 1981-81432 19810528

PRAI JP 1981-81432 19810528

IC C23F011-14

AB JP 57198269 A UPAB: 19930925

A stainless steel partially or wholly coated with silver or its alloy is dipped in an organic solvent containing 0.01-5 weight% of a higher aliphatic amine, mercaptan or mixture The higher aliphatic amine may be dodecyl amine, octadecyl amine, eicosyl amine or nonyl amine. The mercaptane may be a 8-24 C cpd. such as dodecyl mercaptan, octadecyl mercaptan, eicosyl mercaptan or nonyl mercaptan. The aliphatic amine or mercaptan is added to an organic solvent, e.g. ethanol, acetone, MEK or ether at a rate of 0.01-5, pref. 0.1-5 weight%.

Aqueous-coated stainless steel article, useful as an electronic or electric part, includes a lot of pinholes in its silver layer. The pinholes form an electric corrosion system to accelerate the corrosion of the activated stainless steel substrate. The corrosion prod. contaminates the silver layer and deteriorates the electric junction and the solderability of the silver-coated stainless steel article. This defect is now overcome by treating the surface with the new corrosion-inhibitor.

FS CPI

FA AB

MC CPI: E10-B04D; E10-E03; L03-H; M14-F01; M14-K

L4 ANSWER 3 OF 3 JAPIO (C) 2005 JPO on STN

AN 1982-198269 JAPIO

TI ANTICORROSIVE TREATMENT OF SILVER PLATED STAINLESS STEEL

IN SUZUKI SATOSHI; SHIGA SHOJI

PA FURUKAWA ELECTRIC CO LTD: THE

PI **JP 57198269** A 19821204 Showa

AI JP 1981-81432 (JP56081432 Showa) 19810528

PRAI JP 1981-81432 19810528

SO PATENT ABSTRACTS OF JAPAN (CD-ROM), Unexamined Applications, Vol. 1982

IC ICM C23F011-14 ICS C23F011-16

PURPOSE: To provide a superior corrosion preventing property to silver plated stainless steel by immersing the steel in an organic solvent containing higher aliphatic amine and/or mercaptan at a specified concentration CONSTITUTION: Stainless steel plated with silver or a silver alloy allover or partially is immersed in an organic solvent containing 0.01∼5wt% higher aliphatic amine and/or mercaptan. As the amine 8∼24 C dodecylamine, octadecylamine, eicosylamine, nonylamine or the like is used. As the mercaptan 8∼24 C dodecylmercaptan, octadecylmercaptan, eicosylmercaptan, nonylmercaptan or the like is used. The organic solvent is ethanol, acetone, methyl ethyl ketone, ether or the like. COPYRIGHT: (C) 1982, JPO&Japio